

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Addiese: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P O Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.wepto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
10/564,061	01/10/2006	Koichi Sakamoto	281994US0PCT	3965		
22850 OBLON SPIV	7590 03/26/200 YAK, MCCLELLAND	EXAM	EXAMINER			
1940 DUKE STREET			SHEVIN,	SHEVIN, MARK L		
ALEXANDRIA, VA 22314			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
			1793			
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE		
			03/36/3000	EI ECTRONIC		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

patentdocket@oblon.com oblonpat@oblon.com jgardner@oblon.com

Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Ī	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/564,061	SAKAMOTO ET AL.	
	Examiner	Art Unit	
	MARK L. SHEVIN	1793	

	MARK L. SHEVIN	1793					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address							
THE REPLY FILED 17 March 2009 FAILS TO PLACE THIS AF	PPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR	ALLOWANCE.					
application, applicant must timely file one of the following application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of App for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 c periods: a) The period for reply expiresmonths from the mailing	The period for reply expiresmonths from the mailing date of the final rejection.						
b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this A no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire Is Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (ater than SIX MONTHS from the mailing b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE	date of the final rejection	on.				
MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(26(a) and the annualist					
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of ex under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the set forth in (b) above, if checket. Any reply received by the Office later may reduce any earned patient term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b) NOTICE OF APPEAL	tension and the corresponding amount shortened statutory period for reply origing than three months after the mailing date	of the fee. The appropri- nally set in the final Office	ate extension fee te action; or (2) as				
The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in comp filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any extel Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed we have the filed with the filed was the filed with the filed was the filed	nsion thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	avoid dismissal of the					
AMENDMENTS	,						
The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, (a) They raise new issues that would require further co (b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE belo	nsideration and/or search (see NO		cause				
 (c) They are not deemed to place the application in bet appeal; and/or 	ter form for appeal by materially rec	ducing or simplifying t	he issues for				
(d) ☐ They present additional claims without canceling a NOTE:	corresponding number of finally reje	ected claims.					
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.12	21. See attached Notice of Non-Co.	mpliant Amendment (PTOI -324)				
5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s)							
Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be all non-allowable claim(s).		timely filed amendmen	nt canceling the				
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) how the new or amended claims would be rejected is proved the status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:		I be entered and an e	xplanation of				
Claim(s) allowed:							
Claim(s) objected to: Claim(s) rejected: 8-21.							
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration: 1-7.							
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE							
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, bu because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e). 							
9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing a Notice of Appeal, but prior to the date of filing a brief, will not be entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to overcome all rejections under appeal and/or appellant fails to provide a showing a good and sufficient reasons with it is necessary and was not earlier presented. See 37 CF4.133(d)(1).							
10. The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation of the status of the claims after entry is below or attached.							
REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER							
11. \(\overline{\text{\text{The request for reconsideration has been considered but does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: \(\overline{\text{See Continuation Sheet.}} \)							
12. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s). (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s).							
13. Other:							
/Mark L. Shevin/	/George Wyszomierski/ Primary Examiner Art Unit 1793						

Continuation of 11, does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: Applicants assert (p. 9, para 1 - 3) that JP 647s inclusion LI20 content in the range of claims 10 and 13 would not have reasonably lead the skilled artisate of sect a concentration of L1 in the steel of between 0.020 and 9 ppm because the inclusions do not have a major diameter of 20 microns or above and are not oxide inclusion particles.

in response, Applicants are improperly focused on the teaching of JP 647 when the rejection of the independent claim 1 explicitly and clearly relies on all of the cited references of JP 068, JP 647, JP 497, and JP 184. JP 647, while not provide the total content of LI2O in the steel teaches that the Li2O content in the inclusions should be in the range of dependent claims 10 and 13 at between 0.5 and 10 wt%. As for the size of the inclusions, JP 164 taught that cold drawability, thus raw duclility is maximized by minimizing inclusions to less than 1 inclusions with a diameter of greater than 20 microns per 50 grams sample of matrix material. At issue is not the ability of a skilled artisan to determine the lithium content, but whether one skilled in the art would have expected the lithium content to be in the same range and Applicants have not presented persuasive evidence to the contrary.

Applicants assert (p. 10, last para) that any prima facie case of obviousness is rebutted by the significant reduction in density of oxide inclusions particles of 20 microns or above in the claimed range.

In response, JP '647 discloses the concept that adding an alkaline oxide will be advantageous in distributing SiO2 inclusions as minute particles to JP '148 specifically stated that reducing the density of oxide particles to below 1 of diameter greater than 20 microns per 50 grams of metal would greatly help cold drawability and ductility, thus the particular range of Li present seems inconsequential in view of the teaching of the underlying mechanisms at work in reducing inclusion numbers by JP '497 and JP '184.

Applicants assert (p. 11, fina para) that the cited prior art is silent about the significant reduction in density of oxide inclusion particles by controlling the total-Li content of the steel.

In response, this is not persuasive because the instant claims are drawn to end products, not processes, thus the matter of their making or the end process of controlling the oxide inclusions is not at issue, but rather the reasonable expectation by one skilled in the art of the presence of Lin the claimed rance.